



BioFuel R&D Program

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March 27 , 2012





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Outline







Thailand 's Alternative Energy Development Plan











Current Biofuel Options

<u>Biodiesel</u>

- Feedstock : Palm (CPO, RBDPO, Stearin, Used Cooking Oil, etc.)
- Process : Transesterification



<u>Ethanol</u>

- Feedstock : Molasses, Sugarcane Juice, Cassava
- Process : Ethanol Fermentation (Yeast)



<u>Biogas</u>

- Feedstock : Waste Water, Swine Manure
- Process : Anaerobic Digestion



Bio-power/heat

- Feedstock : Bagasse, Empty Fruit Bunch, Rice Husk, etc.
- Process : Gasification + Steam Turbine/Boiler or Direct Combustion



Liquid Biofuel Pathway : Various Liquid Biofuel compliments the use of Gasoline and Diesel



RESEARCH&TECHNOLOGY

Source: Literature reviewed by PTT RTI Team



- Challenge 1 : Scale and Feedstock Availability
- Challenge 2 : Better Environmental Impacts
- Challenge 3 : Acceptability
- Challenge 4 : Competitive Cost



Challenge 1 : Scale and Feedstock Availability

Since land and resources are limited, do we have land for more bioenergy?

Item	Thailand
Total Area	513,115 sq.km. (320,696,888 Rai) (51MM ha)
Land	511,770 sq.km.
Water	2,230 sq.km.
Arable Land	141,132 sq.km. (88,319,923 Rai)

Item	Thailand		
Palm (2007)	5,116 sq.km.(1% Land) (3,197,625 Rai)		
Sugar Cane (2007)	9,931 sq.km. (2% Land) (6,207,000 Rai)		
Rice (2006)	107,374 sq.km. (21% Land) (67,109,000 Rai)		
Cassava (2007)	11,966 sq.km. (2% Land) (7,479,000 Rai)		
4 main crops	123,620 sq.km. (77,262,625 Rai) (88% of Arable Land) (15% of Total Area)		

Thailand dedicated 88% of Arable Land to 4 major crops For energy purpose, do we still have some rooms?

Challenge 2 : Better Environmental Impacts

Cases : Biodiesel and Bioethanol LCA

The right configuration and energy source of biofuel production plant will results in "good" CO2 emission



gCO2e/kWh

Source: "Greenhouse Gas Balance for Biodiesel and Bioethanol in Thailand," W. Siemers, Thailand, WREC 2009



Challenge 3 : Acceptability

- For acceptability, hydrocarbon biofuel will be more acceptable by OEMs, Refinery, and Users
- Currently, most oxygenated biofuel components are accepted widely by users

	1 st Generation Oxygenated Biofuel	2 nd Generation Oxygenated Biofuel	2 nd Generation Hydrocarbon Biofuel
Cost	Lower (still higher than fossil counterparts)	Higher	Higher
Scale	Large	Large	Large
GHG reduction	Moderate (except sugarcane → high)	High	Moderate
Acceptability	Upto some limits	Upto some limits (Blend Wall)	Full
Status	Fully commercialization (still developed)	R&D and Pilot-scale Demonstration	R&D and Pilot-scale Demonstration
Examples	 Sugarcane ethanol Palm Biodiesel 	 Cellulosic Ethanol/Butanol Jatropha Biodiesel 	 Synthetic Green Diesel/Gasoline (BTL) Jatropha/Algae BHD



Challenge 4 : Competitive Cost

Typically, biofuel price is higher than its petroleum counterpart



- 1. Biodiesel from vegetable oil is always more expensive than petro-diesel
- 2. Ethanol is considered to be competitive with gasoline (Brazilian experience)

Source : Boston Consulting Group

Challenge 4 : Competitive Cost (cont.)

Progress has been made significantly, but the competitive one is yet to come





PTT and 1st Generation Biofuel

PTT always support government policy on biofuel implementation

- Clearly in our business
 - TOL and Bangchak Biofuel → FAME production including Fatty Alcohol and Refined Glycerine
 - Maesod Clean Energy and TOP Ethanol \rightarrow Ethanol production
 - PTT Green Energy ightarrow Palm Plantation and Palm Refinery in Indonesia
 - PTT \rightarrow upgrades Biogas from Pig Farm for use in NGV
- Clearly in our products
 - PTT Blue Gasohol E10 , E20 , E85
 - PTT Blue Diesel



PTT is also working on higher blend of biofuel mainly on diesel products and advanced Biofuel Project i.e. Bio-Jet/BHD and 2nd Generation Ethanol



















PTT and 2nd / Advanced Generation Biofuel

- R&D is leading the way
- PTT Group is working on Advanced Biofuel Project i.e. Bio-Jet/BHD and 2nd Generation Ethanol
- PTT RTI: Investigating and Developing 2nd generation biofuel technologies
 - In order to address the 4 grand challenges, it is required to develop from feedstock through processing to product



PTT Biofuel and Bioenergy R&D Program Overview











PTT ADVANCED BIOFUEL FEEDSTOCK R&D PROGRAMS



Jatropha Curcas Partnership with Kasetsart University





Source: PTT RTI

RESEARCH TECHNOLOGY

ptt THINK ALGAE: Microalgal Biofuel Technology

• Memorandum of Understanding on the development of Microalgal Technology was signed by 6 Parties (PTT, CU, MU, KMUTT, BIOTEC (NSTDA), and TISTR) on 14 September 2010



• Under the MOU, we aim to commercialize the Microalgal Biofuel Technology by 2017 targeting both biofuel and key by-products.

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Short Rotation Biomass and Logistics



Short Rotation Biomass

- Low cost Short Rotation Biomass crops and plantation system are developed
- Current Development: Shortrotation crop on non-arable Land (such as saline and sandy) in Thailand (with KU)

Logistics Management

- Cost and logistics method was studied and concluded for rice straw and sugarcane leftover.
- Current Development: R&D (with KU) to have an integrated model and system suitable for Thailand both ag. residues and dedicated biomass crop











PTT BIOFUEL PROCESS TECHNOLOGY R&D PROGRAMS



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2nd Generation Bioethanol

Create "cost reduction" and "value added" technologies in producing "bioethanol from Thai biomass"



• At PTT RTI, researchers have been working on reducing the cost of production of bioethanol via advancement in biotechnology

• Since bioethanol is the gateway to biorefinery, PTT RTI also support PTT business development activities in building green business such as Bio-PBS



RESEARCH&TECHNOLOGY



FAEE : Fatty Acid Ethyl Ester Production



Currently, methanol in Thailand is imported, but ethanol is oversupply and from renewable resources.

- Optimum condition for ethyl ester production in lab scale for various feed stocks
- The results show that separation part is very tricky





"Drop-in Bio-hydrogenated Diesel, Bio-Gasoline and HRJ" from "vegetable oil and animal fat"

PTT Hydrocarbon Pilot Plant Capabilities

Hydrogenation of vegetable oil to diesel, jet fuel, and base oil with capacity up to 20 Liter per day

Key Development

- 1. PTT RTI is working with our refinery group HRJ/BHD commercial project
- 2. Collaboration projects with universities for process and catalyst development (CU and TU)





PTT BIOFUEL PRODUCT R&D PROGRAMS



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ED95

(Ethanol for Dedicated compression ignition engine)



esearch⊴technology

Biojet : First ThaiAirways Flight Test in 2011







Jet A-1 containing 50% HRJ Fuel certified by ASTM D7566



Inaugural Flight with Jet A-1 containing 50% HRJ Fuel in December, 2011





Key Success Factor: Sufficient Supply of Feedstock and supporting from Government / OEM and Oil Company

Next generation biofuel need to be cost competitive with 1st Generation and produced from sustainable feedstock / highly efficient process & utilization

PTT as Leading National Energy Company supports Bioenergy / biofuel from both business and R&D point of view







Thank you for your kind attention

